

HONORABLE DAVID G. ESTUDILLO

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT TACOMA

COLUMBIA RIVERKEEPER,

Plaintiff,

v.

WEYERHAEUSER NR COMPANY,

Defendant.

Case No. 3:22-cv-05132-DGE

[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE

I. STIPULATIONS.

Weyerhaeuser NR Company (“Weyerhaeuser”) owns and operates an industrial facility at or near 1999 Industrial Way, Longview, Washington 98632 (hereinafter the “Facility”), which is depicted on the figure attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

Weyerhaeuser discharges stormwater associated with industrial activity and process wastewater from the Facility under a permit issued by the Washington Department of Ecology (“Ecology”) under National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (“NPDES”) Permit No. WA0991014 (“Permit”).

Ecology issued Administrative Order No. 18227 on August 7, 2020 (“Ecology Order”), requiring Weyerhaeuser to take various actions related to Permit compliance, including, *inter alia*, prepare certain plans and submit certain documents to Ecology within provided deadlines. The Ecology Order also recognized that “[s]tormwater generated on” two sites adjacent to

1 Weyerhaeuser's Facility and owned and controlled by third-parties is "partially or wholly
2 discharged through Weyerhaeuser's [stormwater] outfalls following treatment on
3 Weyerhaeuser's property," and that industrial activities at those adjacent sites thus "have the
4 potential to cause increased [five-day biochemical oxygen demand] and turbidity levels in the
5 discharges from Weyerhaeuser's Outfalls 003B and 004B."

6 Plaintiff Columbia Riverkeeper ("Riverkeeper") issued a notice of intent to sue letter
7 dated December 21, 2021, and filed a complaint on March 7, 2022, under section 505 of the
8 Clean Water Act ("CWA"), 33 U.S.C. § 1365, alleging that Weyerhaeuser is in ongoing
9 violation of certain terms and conditions of its Permit and the Ecology Order. Weyerhaeuser
10 contends that Riverkeeper's claims are without merit, denies Riverkeeper's allegations of
11 ongoing violations, and denies liability for all claims alleged by Riverkeeper in the notice of
12 intent to sue letter and citizen suit.

13 Riverkeeper's complaint seeks declaratory and injunctive relief, the imposition of civil
14 penalties, and an award of litigation expenses, including attorney and expert fees. Weyerhaeuser
15 contends that Riverkeeper is not entitled to any relief whatsoever.

16 Solely for the purposes of this Consent Decree, Weyerhaeuser and Riverkeeper
17 (collectively, the "Parties") stipulate that the Court has jurisdiction over the Parties and the
18 subject matter of this action under section 505(a) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. § 1365(a).

19 The Parties agree that settlement of this matter is in the best interest of the Parties and the
20 public and that entry of this Consent Decree without additional litigation is the most appropriate
21 means of resolving this action. The Parties agree that this Consent Decree is fair, reasonable,
22 equitable, does not violate the law or public policy, comes within the scope of the pleadings, and
23 furthers the broad objectives upon which Riverkeeper based the complaint. *See Sierra Club, Inc.*
24 *v. Elec. Controls Design, Inc.*, 909 F.2d 1350, 1355 (9th Cir. 1990).

25 The Parties stipulate to the entry of this Consent Decree without trial, adjudication, or
26 admission of any issues of fact or law regarding the claims and allegations set forth in
27 Riverkeeper's notice of intent to sue and complaint. By entering into this Consent Decree,
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1 Weyerhaeuser does not admit and expressly denies liability for all claims alleged by Riverkeeper
2 in the notice letter and citizen suit.

3 The signatories for the Parties certify that they are authorized by the party they represent
4 to enter into these Stipulations and Consent Decree.

5
6 COLUMBIA RIVERKEEPER

7 By: *Lauren Goldberg*
8 Lauren Goldberg, Legal & Program Director

WEYERHAEUSER NR COMPANY

By: *Kristen Sawin*
9 Kristen Sawin, Vice President of Corporate and
10 Government Affairs

11 KAMPMEIER & KNUTSEN, PLLC

By: *Brian A. Knutsen*
12 Brian A. Knutsen, WSBA No. 38806
13 Attorneys for Columbia Riverkeeper

K&L GATES, LLP

By: *J. Timothy Hobbs*
14 J. Timothy Hobbs, WSBA No. 42665
15 Attorneys for Weyerhaeuser NR Company

16
17 **II. ORDER AND DECREE.**

18 THIS MATTER came before the Court upon the foregoing Stipulations of the Parties and
19 joint motion for entry of Consent Decree. Having considered the Stipulations and the terms and
20 conditions set forth below, the Court hereby ORDERS, ADJUDGES, and DECREES as follows:

21 1. This Court has jurisdiction over the Parties and the subject matter of this action
22 pursuant to section 505(a) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. § 1365(a).

23 2. This Consent Decree shall inure to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the Parties
24 and their successors, assigns, officials, agents, representatives, officers, directors, and employees.
25 Changes in the organizational form or status of a party shall have no effect on the binding nature
26 of this Consent Decree or its applicability.

27 3. This Consent Decree and any injunctive relief ordered within applies solely to
28 Weyerhaeuser's operation and oversight of the Facility, which is subject to the Permit and the
Ecology Order.

4. This Consent Decree is a full and complete settlement and release of all claims
alleged in Riverkeeper's notice of intent to sue letter, complaint, and all other claims known or

1 unknown existing as of the date of entry of this Consent Decree, related to violations of the
2 Permit and of the Ecology Order that could be asserted under the CWA against Weyerhaeuser,
3 its officers, directors, employees, shareholder, consultants, contractors, or agents. These claims
4 are released and dismissed with prejudice. In addition, the Parties acknowledge that
5 Weyerhaeuser has until December 31, 2022 to implement the measures described in paragraph
6 II.6.B of this Consent Decree below that are intended to reduce the likelihood of future
7 exceedances of numeric effluent limits contained in Condition S1.B of the Permit, and that it is
8 possible that exceedances of those limits may occur during this implementation period.
9 Accordingly, Riverkeeper also covenants not to sue Weyerhaeuser for, and releases all claims
10 related to, violations of numeric effluent limits contained in Condition S1.B of the Permit
11 occurring from the date of entry of this Consent Decree through December 31, 2022 that could
12 be asserted under the CWA against Weyerhaeuser, its officers, directors, employees, shareholder,
13 consultants, contractors, or agents.

14 5. This Consent Decree is a settlement of disputed facts and law. It is not an
15 admission or adjudication regarding any allegations by Riverkeeper in this case or of any fact or
16 conclusion of law related to those allegations. By entering into this Consent Decree,
17 Weyerhaeuser does not admit and expressly denies liability for all claims alleged by Riverkeeper
18 in the notice letter and citizen suit.

19 6. Weyerhaeuser agrees to the following terms and conditions in full and complete
20 satisfaction of all the claims covered by this Consent Decree:

21 A. Weyerhaeuser shall fully comply with the terms and conditions of the
22 Permit and the Ecology Order for such time as Weyerhaeuser is covered by the Permit, except to
23 the extent the Permit is invalidated by a competent tribunal. Nothing in this sub-paragraph
24 affects Weyerhaeuser's ability to request that Ecology modify or terminate Permit coverage for
25 the Facility as permitted under the terms and conditions of the Permit or as otherwise authorized
26 by law, or affects Weyerhaeuser's ability to challenge any permit before a competent tribunal
27 and obtain the benefit of any relief ordered by such tribunal. In the event Ecology issues a new or
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1 modified NPDES permit authorizing discharges of stormwater associated with industrial activity
2 from the Facility, Weyerhaeuser's compliance with the new or modified NPDES permit shall be
3 governed by that permit and the obligation in this sub-paragraph to fully comply with the terms
4 and conditions of the Permit shall cease.

5 B. Weyerhaeuser shall implement each of the following measures by
6 December 31, 2022, and provide written notice to Riverkeeper within thirty (30) days of
7 complete implementation of such measures, to reduce the impacts from the Facility's discharges
8 on the receiving waters:

9 i. Weyerhaeuser shall re-route the stormwater pipe at the Facility
10 commonly referred to as "Pipe A" so that it discharges to the Nippon Dynawave Packing
11 Company's ("Nippon") Wastewater Treatment Plant and no longer discharges to the CID Ditch
12 No. 3 (which flows to the Columbia River). The Parties acknowledge that implementation of this
13 measure may require and is thus contingent upon receiving any necessary approvals from
14 Ecology and/or Nippon. Weyerhaeuser will undertake diligent efforts to secure such approvals so
15 that implementation can be completed by December 31, 2022;

16 ii. Weyerhaeuser shall install aerators at the East [Stormwater] Pond
17 at the Facility in an effort to reduce the biological oxygen demand of discharges;

18 iii. Weyerhaeuser shall install one or more flow meters upstream of
19 the Outfall 004 weir at the Facility with monitoring probes in an effort to provide more timely
20 data on stormwater discharges and thereby enable more prompt responsive actions;

21 iv. Weyerhaeuser shall install additional particulate screens at catch
22 basins throughout the Facility based upon its evaluation of the potential for turbidity loading;

23 v. Weyerhaeuser shall install biochar sock filters at the east and the
24 west inlet weirs to Outfall 004B and evaluate the addition of weir walls and/or media filtration in
25 the vault structure for Outfall 004B;

1 vi. Weyerhaeuser shall implement improved housekeeping measures
2 by increasing the frequency for cleaning structures of woody debris that may be contributing to
3 high biological oxygen demand and by increasing the frequency vacuum/sweeper trucks; and

4 vii. Weyerhaeuser shall implement revised procedures for management
5 of residual wood at the Facility, which shall include the development of a formal policy to more
6 actively manage wood and bark debris through improved procedures;

7 C. Subject to the time limitations in the following sentence, Weyerhaeuser
8 shall make stipulated payments for each exceedance of a numeric effluent limit contained in
9 Condition S1.B of the Permit to Seeding Justice for projects benefiting water quality of the
10 Columbia River basin as described in Exhibit 2 to this Consent Decree. This requirement shall
11 apply to such exceedances for discharges made from January 1, 2023 through either two years
12 from the date this Consent Decree is entered by the Court or until Ecology issues a new or
13 modified NPDES permit authorizing discharges of stormwater associated with industrial activity
14 from the Facility, whichever occurs first. Weyerhaeuser shall make a payment of \$2,500.00 for
15 each exceedance of a daily maximum (or minimum) numeric effluent limit and \$5,000.00 for
16 each exceedance of a monthly average maximum effluent limit. For the avoidance of doubt, the
17 payment for an exceedance of a monthly average maximum effluent limit shall be per each
18 monthly average exceedance and not per day of each month for which the exceedance occurred.
19 Such payments shall be made within thirty days of the last day of the month in which the
20 exceedance(s) occurred by check payable and mailed to Seeding Justice, P.O. 12489, Portland,
21 Oregon 97212, and shall bear the notation "Columbia Riverkeeper v. Weyerhaeuser NR
22 Company, Clean Water Act Settlement," with a copy provided to Riverkeeper at that same time.
23 These stipulated payments shall constitute Riverkeeper's sole remedy for each exceedance of the
24 Permit's numeric effluent limits that is subject to this paragraph II.6.C of the Consent Decree and
25 Riverkeeper otherwise releases and covenants not to sue Weyerhaeuser for such exceedances of
26 the numeric effluent limits. For the purpose of the payment deadline contained in this
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1 subparagraph, payment shall be considered to be made by Weyerhaeuser on the date the check is
2 mailed to Seeding Justice as specified herein.

3 D. Upon entry of this Consent Decree by the Court and until termination of
4 the provisions of this Consent Decree pursuant to paragraph II.10 below, Weyerhaeuser shall, no
5 later than forty-five (45) days following each calendar quarter, send via e-mail to Riverkeeper
6 copies of the following Permit-related documents that Weyerhaeuser has transmitted to, or
7 received from, Ecology during the previous calendar quarter: discharge monitoring reports
8 (“DMRs”), annual reports, engineering reports, and inspection reports. Riverkeeper shall provide
9 Weyerhaeuser’s counsel the recipient e-mail address for such Permit-related documents no later
10 than fourteen (14) days after entry of this Consent Decree by the Court.

11 E. For purposes of settlement and in lieu of a penalty, Weyerhaeuser shall
12 make a payment in the amount of \$600,000.00 to Seeding Justice for projects that benefit water
13 quality in the Columbia River Basin as described in Exhibit 2 to this Consent Decree. Such
14 payment shall be made within ten (10) days of the entry of this Consent Decree by the Court by
15 check payable and mailed to Seeding Justice, P.O. 12489, Portland, Oregon 97212, and shall
16 bear the notation “Columbia Riverkeeper v. Weyerhaeuser NR Company, Clean Water Act
17 Settlement,” with a copy provided to Riverkeeper at that same time. For the purpose of the
18 payment deadline contained in this subparagraph, payment shall be considered to be made by
19 Weyerhaeuser on the date the check is mailed to Seeding Justice as specified herein.

20 F. Within ten (10) days of entry of this Consent Decree by the Court,
21 Weyerhaeuser shall pay Riverkeeper’s attorney fees and costs in the amount of \$119,625.00 in
22 full and complete satisfaction of any claims Riverkeeper may have under the CWA for attorney
23 fees and litigation costs and expenses. Such payment shall be made by check payable to
24 “Kampmeier & Knutsen, PLLC” and mailed to Kampmeier & Knutsen, PLLC, 1300 S.E. Stark
25 Street, Suite 202, Portland, Oregon 97214. Riverkeeper’s above-signed counsel hereby certifies
26 that the actual costs and fees incurred in this matter equal or exceed \$119,625.00. For the
27 purpose of the payment deadline contained in this subparagraph, payment shall be considered to
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1 be made by Weyerhaeuser on the date the check is mailed to Kampmeier & Knutsen, PLLC as
2 specified herein.

3 7. A “force majeure” event is any event outside the reasonable control of
4 Weyerhaeuser that prevents or causes a delay in performing tasks required by this Consent
5 Decree that cannot be cured by due diligence. Prevention or delay in performance of a task
6 required by this Consent Decree caused by a force majeure event is not a failure to comply with
7 the terms of this decree, provided that Weyerhaeuser timely notifies Riverkeeper of the event, the
8 steps that Weyerhaeuser will take to perform the task and the projected time that will be needed
9 to complete the task. Weyerhaeuser will notify Riverkeeper of the occurrence of a force majeure
10 event as soon as reasonably possible but, in any case, no later than ten (10) days after
11 Weyerhaeuser becomes aware of the occurrence of the event. In such event, the time for
12 performance of the task will be extended for a reasonable period of time following the force
13 majeure event. If a force majeure event prevents the implementation of any of the tasks required
14 by this Consent Decree, Weyerhaeuser and Riverkeeper will negotiate in good faith to agree to
15 an alternative action with the same goal and effect of the task prevented by the force majeure
16 event. The provisions of this paragraph II.7 of the Consent Decree do not apply to, or otherwise
17 have any effect on, the requirement of paragraph II.6.C of this Consent Decree for Weyerhaeuser
18 to make payments for certain exceedances of numeric effluent limits contained in Condition
19 S1.B of the Permit. By way of example and not limitation, force majeure events include:

- 20 A. Acts of God, war, insurrection, or civil disturbance;
- 21 B. Earthquakes, landslides, fire, floods;
- 22 C. Actions or inactions of third parties over which defendant has no control;
- 23 D. Unusually adverse weather conditions;
- 24 E. Restraint by court order or order of public authority;
- 25 F. Strikes;
- 26 G. Any permit or other approval sought by Weyerhaeuser by a government

27 authority or another authorizing entity to implement any of the actions required by this Consent
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1 Decree where such approval is not granted or is delayed, and where Weyerhaeuser has timely
2 and in good faith sought the permit or approval;

3 H. Litigation, arbitration, or mediation that causes delay; and

4 I. COVID-19 related delays, including supply chain issues.

5 8. This Court retains jurisdiction over this matter and, while this Consent Decree
6 remains in force, this case may be reopened without filing fee so that the Parties may apply to the
7 Court for any further order or relief that may be necessary regarding compliance with this
8 Consent Decree or to resolve any dispute regarding the terms or conditions of this Consent
9 Decree until it is terminated. A precondition to any application to the Court under this paragraph
10 is that the Parties must first seek to resolve the dispute themselves as follows: 1) the party
11 identifying or wishing to raise an issue or dispute must provide the other party a written notice
12 detailing the nature of the issue or dispute; and 2) within thirty (30) days of receipt of such
13 notice, the Parties shall meet and confer regarding the issue or dispute. If no resolution is reached
14 at that meeting or within thirty (30) days of the written notice, whichever occurs first, either
15 party may file a motion with this Court to resolve the dispute. In any action to enforce this
16 Consent Decree, the Court shall apply the same standard applied by courts in awarding fees and
17 costs under section 505(d) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. 1365(d).

18 9. This agreement shall take effect upon entry of the Consent Decree by the Court.

19 10. The provisions of this Consent Decree, except for Riverkeeper's releases of
20 claims described in paragraphs II.4, II.6.C and II.6.F of this Consent Decree, shall terminate two
21 years from the date this Consent Decree is entered by the Court or upon Weyerhaeuser's
22 compliance with each the payment obligations contained in paragraphs II.6.C, II.6.E, and II.6.F
23 of this Consent Decree, whichever occurs last.

24 11. All notices and other communications regarding this Consent Decree shall be in
25 writing and shall be fully given by mailing via first-class mail, postage pre-paid; by delivering
26 the same by hand; or by sending the same via e-mail to the following addresses, or to such other
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1 addresses as the Parties may designate by written notice, provided that communications that are
2 mailed shall not be deemed to have been given until three business days after mailing:

3 For Riverkeeper:

4 Columbia Riverkeeper
5 c/o Simone Anter
6 407 Portway Avenue, Suite 301
7 Hood River, Oregon 97031
8 simone@columbiariverkeeper.org

3 For Weyerhaeuser:

4 Weyerhaeuser NR Company
5 Attn: General Counsel
6 220 Occidental Ave South
7 Seattle, WA 98104
8 kristy.harlan@weyerhaeuser.com

8 Kampmeier & Knutsen, PLLC
9 c/o Brian Knutsen
10 1300 SE Stark Street, Suite 202
11 Portland, OR 97214
12 brian@kampmeierknutsen.com

8 K&L Gates LLP
9 c/o J. Timothy Hobbs
10 c/o Ankur K. Tohan
11 925 Fourth Avenue, Suite 2900
12 Seattle, WA 98104
13 tim.hobbs@klgates.com
14 ankur.tohan@klgates.com

12 12. This Consent Decree constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties. There
13 are no other or further agreements, either written or verbal. This agreement may not be modified
14 or amended except by a writing signed by both Parties and entered by the Court. Riverkeeper
15 agrees to consider in good faith Weyerhaeuser’s request for modification of the terms of this
16 Consent Decree.

17 13. Each party acknowledges that it has sought and obtained the advice of its own
18 independent legal counsel before executing this Consent Decree. The Parties acknowledge that
19 they have had the opportunity to freely negotiate the terms of this Consent Decree.

20 14. If for any reason the Court should decline to approve this proposed Consent
21 Decree in the form presented, this Consent Decree is voidable at the discretion of either party.
22 The Parties agree to continue negotiations in good faith in an attempt to cure any objection raised
23 by the Court to entry of this Consent Decree.

24 15. Each party shall, at the request of the other, execute, acknowledge, and deliver
25 whatever additional documents, and do such other acts, as may be reasonably required in order to
26 accomplish and/or carry out the intent, spirit, and purposes of this Consent Decree.

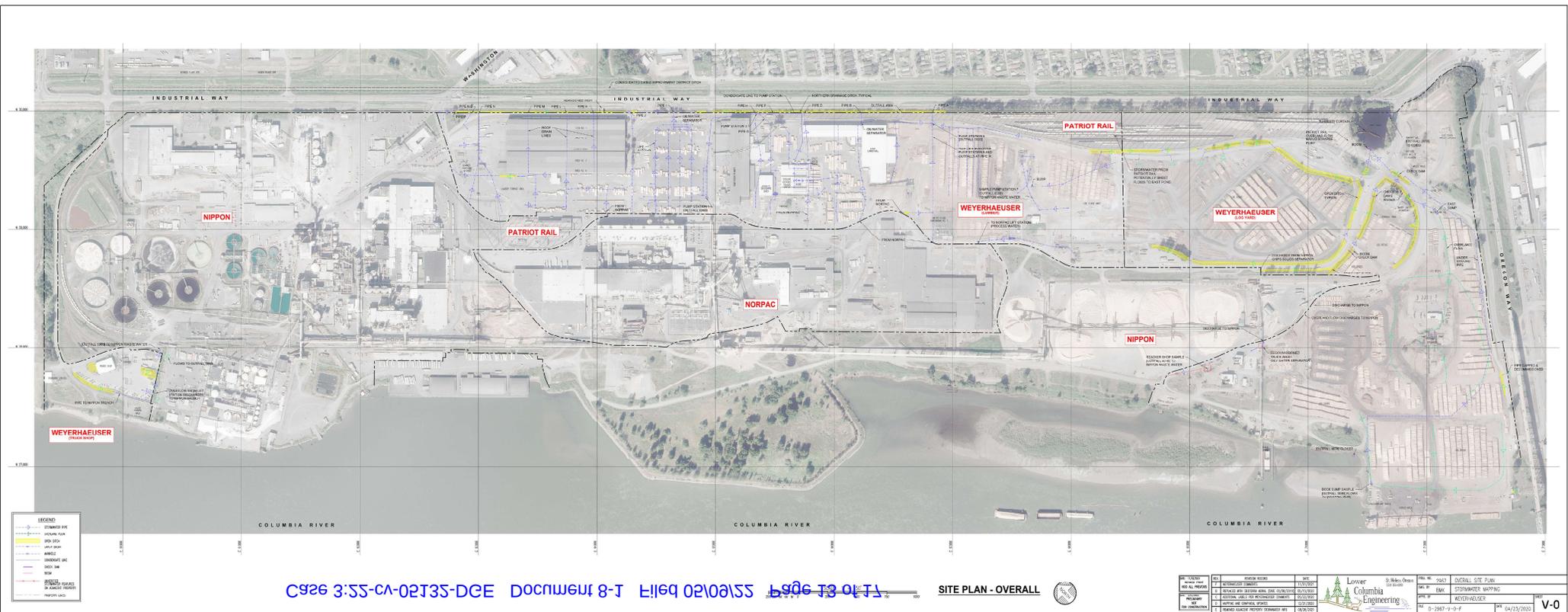
27 16. The Parties recognize that, pursuant to 33 U.S.C. § 1365(c)(3), no consent
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1 judgment can be entered in a CWA suit in which the United States is not a party prior to forty-
2 five (45) days following the receipt of a copy of the proposed consent judgment by the U.S.
3 Attorney General and the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (“U.S.
4 EPA”). Therefore, upon the filing of this proposed Consent Decree by the Parties, Riverkeeper
5 will serve copies of it upon the Administrator of the U.S. EPA and the U.S. Attorney General.
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8 DATED this _____ day of _____ 2022.
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13 HONORABLE DAVID G. ESTUDILLO
14 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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EXHIBIT 1



C926 3:55-CA-02135-DCE DocuMent 8-T E1169 02108155 1596 T3 04 T1

SITE PLAN - OVERALL



NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE
1	PRELIMINARY DESIGN	07/20/2010
2	REVISED AND SUBMITTED AGAIN, DATE 08/06/2010	08/06/2010
3	REVISED AND SUBMITTED AGAIN, DATE 02/22/2011	02/22/2011
4	REVISED AND SUBMITTED AGAIN, DATE 02/22/2011	02/22/2011
5	REVISED AND SUBMITTED AGAIN, DATE 02/22/2011	02/22/2011
6	REVISED AND SUBMITTED AGAIN, DATE 02/22/2011	02/22/2011

Lower Columbia Engineering
 2567
 2567
 WYOMING
 WYOMING
 0-2067-10-0-F
 04/23/2010
V-0

EXHIBIT 2



May 5, 2022

Peter McVeigh, Citizen Suit Coordinator
United States Department of Justice
Environmental & Natural Resources Division
Law & Policy Section
P.O. Box 7415
Ben Franklin Station
Washington, D.C. 20044-7415

Re: *Columbia Riverkeeper v. Weyerhaeuser NR Company*; 3:22-cv-05132-DGE

Dear Mr. McVeigh,

This letter is intended to provide assurances that I have received and reviewed the proposed Consent Decree between Columbia Riverkeeper and Weyerhaeuser NR Company, and that I am authorized by my Board of Directors to make the following binding commitments on behalf of Seeding Justice, formerly known as MRG Foundation.

1. Seeding Justice has read the proposed consent judgment/agreement;
2. Seeding Justice will spend any monies it receives under the proposed judgment/agreement for the purposes specified in the judgment/agreement;
3. Seeding Justice will not use any monies received under the proposed consent judgment/agreement for political lobbying activities; and
4. Seeding Justice will submit to the Court, the United States, and the parties a letter describing how the SEP funds were spent.

Seeding Justice for Communities and the Environment

Seeding Justice is a 501(c)(3) public charity (Tax ID No. 93-0691187). Its mission is to inspire people to work together for justice and mobilize resources for Oregon communities as they build collective power to change the world. To fulfill this mission, Seeding Justice conducts the following activities:

- Raise money to award as grants to qualified non-profit organizations conducting charitable operations. Seeding Justice does not support lobbying activities that are prohibited by Section 501(c)(3) of the IRS Code, and no portion of the Weyerhaeuser settlement funds shall be used to support any political lobbying activities whatsoever.
- Facilitate grantmaking for community-led funds (such as the Columbia River Restoration Fund), and provide resources for community-based projects and immediate aid during and after climate related emergencies (such as wildfires) and the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Leverage relationships and network connections in the philanthropic sector to fund progressive social change movements and community-based groups.

Specifically, Seeding Justice will use money received under the proposed judgment/agreement to provide grants under Seeding Justice's Columbia River Restoration Fund for proposed projects that will benefit water quality of the Columbia River and its tributaries.

Seeding Justice is governed by a Board of Directors. Grant applicants to the Columbia River Fund are required to submit written proposals, which must include at a minimum specific information about the goals, activities and project outcomes of the proposed project, background about the charitable applicant, budget information, and a specific funding request.

Applications are first screened by Seeding Justice staff, then evaluated by a grantmaking committee composed of environmental justice activists and organizers. After we receive applications, we may require additional information in order to fully evaluate them.

The Board of Directors has final approval of the grant slate and Seeding Justice requires all projects to submit final reports within one year of receipt of the grant award. Reports describe the work conducted under the grant, thereby providing an accountability mechanism over funds awarded. Annual audits by a certified public accounting firm are posted on Seeding Justice's website: seedingjustice.org.

I hope this provides the information you require. Please do not hesitate to contact me or our Director of Programs, Violeta Rubiani (violeta@seedingjustice.org), with any questions.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Se-ah-dom Edmo". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "S" and "E".

Se-ah-dom Edmo
Shoshone-Bannock, Nez Perce, Yakama
Executive Director
seahdom@seedingjustice.org